

## THE LABOUR FORCE

NEW SOUTH WALES

**MAY 1982** 

UTRALIAN BUEAU OF STITISTICS

S. OFFICE



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MAY 1982

NEW SOUTH WALES

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and
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AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS N.S.W. OFFICE

INQUIRIES If you want to know more about these statistics, ring Mr. M. Glass on Sydney (02)268-4347, call at the Australian Bureau of Statistics, St. Andrew's House, Sydney Square (George Street, next to Sydney Town Hall), Sydney, or write to the Deputy Commonwealth Statistician, Box 796 GPO, Sydney, N.S.W. 2001.

#### CONTENTS

Table														Page
	Explanatory	notes	••	••	••,	••	••	••	••	••		••	••	·
	Graph	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	vii
	Civilian pop	ulation	, age	1 15 y	ears ar	nd ove	<u>er</u> -							
1	Employment	status	, New	South	Wales	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	1
2	Employment	status	, Sydi	ney St	atistic	cal Di	vision	••	••	••	••	••	••	3
3	Employment	status	, area	s out	side Sy	ydney	Statis	tical	Divisi	on, N.	S.W.	••	••	4
	Employed per	sons in	New S	South	Wales -	-								
4	Industry	••	••	••	••	•.•	••	••	••	• •	••	••	••	5
5	Age group	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	6
6	Occupation	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	7
7	Major and	minor c	occupa	tion g	ıroups	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	8
8	Full-time	or part	-time	statu	IS ••	••	••	••	••	••	. ••	••	••	11
	Unemployed p	ersons	in Ne	w Sout	h Wales	<u> </u>								
9	Industry	•••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••		11
10	Age group	••	••	••	••	••	••	•••	••	••	••	••	••	12
11	Duration o	of unemp	loyme	nt		••	. ••	••	••	••	••	••	••	14
12	Occupation	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	15
	Technical no	te	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	•••	16

- This bulletin contains estimates relating to the civilian labour force and to those not in the labour force. The estimates have been derived from the results of the Population Survey, which is conducted on a sample basis throughout Australia. From February 1978, the Survey has been conducted each month. Previously, the Survey was conducted in February, May, August, and November of each year. Figures shown for periods prior to February 1978 have been revised to make them as comparable as possible with the results of the monthly Population Survey - see the February 1979 issue of this bulletin for details.
- 2. Statistics similar to those contained in Tables 1, 2 and 4 of this bulletin are published each month as they become available, in the publication Monthly Summary of Statistics (1305.1) which is available free on request to this Office. Other data contained in this bulletin are also available each month (except for the occupation and industry details for employed persons, which are available only on a quarterly basis). In addition, other unpublished data may also be available. These data, if required each month as they become available, may be obtained from this Office.
- 3. The Population Survey. The Survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (houses, flats, etc.) and non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about one-half of one per cent of the population of New South Wales. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the Survey week). Before February 1978, the interviews were spread over four weeks. chosen so that the Survey weeks generally fell within the limits of the calendar month.
- 4. Scope. The Survey includes all persons aged 15 years and over, except:
  - (a) members of the permanent defence forces;

- (b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
- (c) overseas visitors holidaying in Australia; and
- (d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants), stationed in Australia.
- 5. Reliability of the estimates. Since the estimates in this bulletin are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings, they may differ from figures that would have been obtained if the information had been collected from occupants of all dwellings (using the same questionnaire and interviewing procedures). One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included in the Survey. A Technical Note, showing the likely standard errors relating to sample estimates, is shown on page 16 of this bulletin.

#### 6. Classifications of the labour force

(a) The Labour Force Classification used in the Survey conforms closely to that recommended by the Eighth International Conference of Labour Statisticians, 1954. The labour force comprises all civilians aged 15 years and over who, during the Survey week, were employed or unemployed. The Survey week comprises the seven days preceding the interview week (see note 3 above). The activities of persons in this period of reference are used in determining the classification of those who are employed. In addition to this week, the 3 weeks preceding it are also considered in identifying the unemployed. More detailed definitions of these two groups follow.

#### (b) Employed persons

- 1. These comprise all civilians aged 15 years and over who, during the Survey week:
  - worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or

business, or on a farm (including employees, employers and self-employed persons); or

- worked for 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers);
- . were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the Survey week: stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the Survey week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salaries while undertaking fulltime study; or
- were employers or self-employed persons who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.
- ii. These employed persons can be classified into:
  - full-time workers (i.e. those who usually work 35 hours or more a week and others who, although usually part-time workers, worked 35 hours or more during the Survey week); and
  - part-time workers (i.e. those who usually work less than 35 hours a week, and who did so during the Survey week).

A person who held more than one job is counted only once - in the job in which he worked most hours during the Survey week.

- (c) <u>Unemployed persons</u> comprise all civilians aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the Survey week, and:
  - i. had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the Survey week, and:
    - were available for work in the Survey week, or would have been

available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the Survey week); or

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- were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the Survey week, and would have started in the Survey week if the job had been available then; or
- ii. were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the Survey week (including the whole of the Survey week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.
- (d) Actively looking for work includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service notice boards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with another employment agency, advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives.

Note. The figures shown in this bulletin for the number of persons unemployed should not be confused with those formerly issued by the Commonwealth Department of Employment and Youth Affairs; the latter figures represent the number of persons registered as unemployed with the Commonwealth Employment Service.

- (e) Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the Survey week, were not in the categories 'employed' or 'unemployed', as defined. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), attending an educational institution (school, university, etc.), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, inmates of institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoria, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the survey week was jury service or unpaid work for a charitable voluntary organisation.
- (f)  $\underline{\text{Duration of unemployment}}$  is the period from the time the person began looking for

work or was laid off to the end of the Survey week. Periods of unemployment are recorded in complete weeks and this results in a slight understatement of duration.

Average (mean) duration is the duration obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has been unemployed by the number of persons in that group.

- (g) Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation. Unemployed persons who had worked full-time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time iob.
- (h) Marital status. In the labour force, persons are classified as married or not married. The latter category includes persons who, at the time of the Survey, had never married, or were widowed, or divorced.
- 7. Industry classification. The classification of industries is in accordance with the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) described in the Bureau publication Australian Standard Industrial Classification, Vol. 1 The Classification (1201.0). From September 1979, classification is according to the 1978 Edition of ASIC while for earlier periods classification was according to the 1969 (Preliminary) Edition.
- 8. Occupation classification. The classification of occupations is in accordance with the Classification and Classified List of Occupations (Revised, June 1976).
- 9. Comparability of series. When comparing estimates for February 1978 and subsequent months with those for earlier periods, it should be noted that with the introduction of monthly surveys the interviews are now conducted during a two-week period, whereas formerly the period was four weeks (see note 3). This change of timing may affect the level of the figures for any month, but particularly for months during which the employment status of the population may be changing rapidly.

#### 10. Related publications

(a) Users may also wish to refer to the following publications, which are available free on request:

Unemployment, Australia: Preliminary Estimates (6201.0)

The Labour Force, Australia (Preliminary) (6202.0)

The Labour Force, Australia (6203.0)

Information Paper : Questionnaires
used in the Labour Force Survey
(6232.0)

- (b) In addition to the regular demographic and labour force characteristics which are contained in the above publications, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. The results of these surveys are published separately. A list of such publications is contained in the back of the monthly publication The Labour Force, Australia (6203.0). Copies of publications containing supplementary and special survey information are available free on request.
- (c) All publications produced by the ABS are listed in the <u>Catalogue of Publications</u> (1101.0) which is available free of charge from any ABS Office.
- 11. In some cases, the ABS can also make available information which is not published. This information may be made available in one or more of the following forms: microfiche, photocopy, data tape, computer printout, clerically-extracted tabulation. Generally, a charge is made for providing unpublished information. Inquiries should be made as shown in the Inquiries section of this publication.

#### Symbols and other usages.

- \* Subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes.
- n.a. Not available.
  - r Figure or series revised since
    previous issue.

Figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and the totals shown.

J. E. DULLEY

 $\label{lem:commonwealth} \mbox{ Deputy Commonwealth Statistician} \\ \mbox{ and } \\$ 

Government Statistician of New South Wales

July 1982

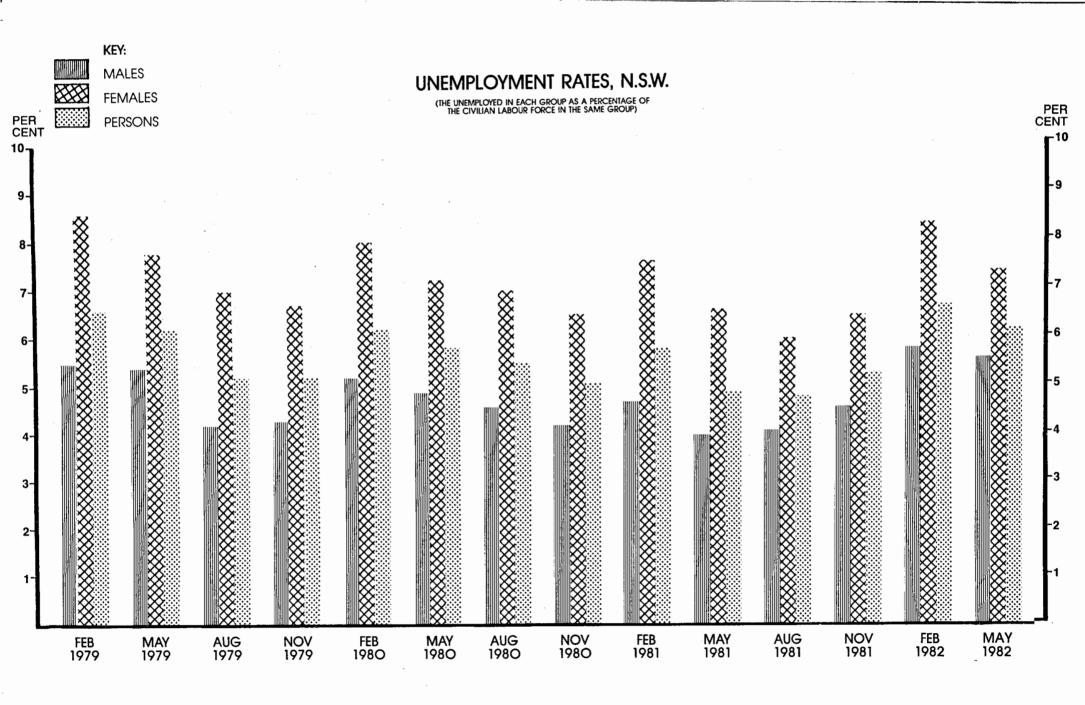


TABLE 1. CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS, N.S.W.

			Uner	ployed		labour rce	Not in	Civilia populat
<b>M</b>	fonth .	Employed (1000)	Number ('000)	Unemploy- ment rate (a) (per cent)	Number ('000)	Particip- ation rate (b) (per cent)	labour force ('000)	ion aged 15 years an over (†000)
	····			MALE	S			
1978:	May	1,347.0	72.0	5.1	1,419.0	77.9	401.6	1,820.5
979:	May	1,365.4	77.9	5.4	1,443.3	77.6	415.7	1,859.0
980:	May	1,411.1	73.3	4.9	1,484.4	78.8	398.6	1,883.1
981:	April	1,429.4	59.8	4.0	1,489.3	77.8	423.8	1,913.1
	May	1,429.0	59.6	4.0	1,488.6	77.6	428.8	1,917.3
	June	1,437.2	53.2	3.6	1,490.4	77.6	431.1	1,921.5
	July	1,433.6	60.5	4.1	1,494.1	77.6	431.4	1,925.6
	August	1,427.2	60.8	4.1	1,488.0	77.1	441.5	1,929.5
	September	1,448.8	62.8	4.2	1,511.6	78.2	422.3	1,933.8
	October	1,431.0	63.7	4.3	1,494.7	77.2	441.9	1,936.6
	November	1,418.3	68.5	4.6	1,486.9	76.6	454.3	1,941.2
	December	1,438.0	75.9	5.0	1,513.9	77.9	430.5	1,944.4
982:	January	1,426.9	82.2	5.4	1,509.2	77.5	438.3	1,947.5
	February	1,438.7	88.7	5.8	1,527.4	78.3	423.4	1,950.8
	March	1,444.4	79.3	5.2	1,523.7	78.0	430.4	1,954.1
	April	1,429.1	79.4	5.3	1,508.5	77.1	448.7	1,957.2
	May	1,430.9	84.4	5.6	1,515.3	77.4	442.7	1,957.9
			, .	MARRIED F	EMALES			
1978:	May	468.3	28.8	5.8	497.1	41.9	688.4	1,185.6
1979:	•	465.3	23.3	4.8	488.6	39.8	739.3	1,227.9
980:	•	488.8	23.7	4.6	512.5	42.3	700.3	1,212.9
1981:	April	480.5	25.6	5.1	506.0	41.1	723.8	1,229.9
	May	481.9	27.1	5.3	509.0	41.0	732.4	1,241.4
	June	477.6	22.1	4.4	499.7	40.6	732.7	1,232.4
	July	488.5	22.4	4.4	510.9	41.3	727.2	1,238.2
	August	475.1	21.3	4.3	496.4	40.3	736.6	1,233.0
	September	492.2	24.4	4.7	516.6	41.9	715.0	1,231.6
	October	486.3	22.8	4.5	509.0	41.6	714.0	1,223.
	November	489.8	. 24.9	4.8	514.8	41.7	719.4	1,234.2
	December	481.0	20.2	4.0	501.3	40.8	727.1	1,228.3
982:	January	459.6	18.9	3.9	478.3	38.9	753.1	1,231.5
	February	472.6	26.6	5.3	499.2	40.5	732.6	1,231.8
	March	496.9	27.3	5.2	524.2	42.4	712.6	1,236.8
	April	485.1	24.9	4.9	510.0	41.2	726.6	1,236.6
					512.2	41.3	728.5	1,240.8

For footnotes, see page 2.

TABLE 1. CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS, N.S.W. (continued)

			Unem	nployed		labour orce	Not in	Civilia populat ion
M	onth	Employed (1000)	Number ('000)	Unemploy- ment rate (a) (per cent)	Number (†000)	Particip- ation rate (b) (per cent)	labour force (†000)	aged 15 years and over (1000)
				ALL FEM	ALES			
1978: 1	Mav	745.1	65.2	8.0	810.3	43.0	1,073.6	1,883.9
1979: 1	•	735.6	62.1	7.8	797.7	41.5	1,123.3	1,921.1
1980: 1	-	798.6	61.8	7.2	860.4	44.2	1,088.2	1,948.5
1981: /	April	803.9	60.3	7.0	864.2	43.8	1,110.6	1,974.8
	May	800.3	56.4	6.6	856.7	43.3	1,122.1	1,978.7
	June	803.9	49.0	5.7	852.9	43.0	1,129.6	1,982.5
	July	807.3	54.5	6.3	861.8	43.4	1,124.5	1,986.3
,	August	797.8	51.1	6.0	848.9	42.7	1,140.8	1,989.7
5	September	824.2	56.7	6.4	880.9	44.2	1,112.6	1,993.5
(	October	815.2	52.8	6.1	868.0	43.5	1,127.8	1,995.8
1	November	821.6	57.2	6.5	878.9	43.9	1,121.1	2,000.0
[	December	830.3	60.9	6.8	891.2	44.5	1,111.6	2,002.8
982: 、	January	793.9	62.4	7.3	856.3	42.7	1,149.2	2,005.5
F	February	804.0	73.4	8.4	877.4	43.7	1,130.9	2,008.3
N	March	826.2	72.7	8.1	898.9	44.7	1,112.3	2,011.2
F	April	811.5	65.6	7.5	877.2	43.6	1,136.8	2,014.0
N	May	812.7	64.5	7.4	877.2	43.5	1,138.1	2,015.2
				PERSON	S			
1978: M	/ay	2,092.1	137.2	6.2	2,229.3	60.2	1,475.2	3,704.4
979: M		2,101.0	140.1	6.2	2,241.1	59.3	1,539.0	3,780.1
980: M	•	2,209.7	135.1	5.8	2,344.8	61.2	1,486.8	3,831.6
981: A	April	2,233.3	120.1	5.1	2,353.4	60.5	1,534.4	3,887.9
M	1ay	2,229.2	116.0	4.9	2,345.2	60.2	1,550.9	3,896.1
J	June	2,241.1	102.2	4.4	2,343.3	60.0	1,560.7	3,904.0
	luly	2,240.9	115.0	4.9	2,355.9	60.2	1,555.9	3,911.8
	\ugust	2,225.1	111.8	4.8	2,336.9	59.6	1,582.3	3,919.2
	September	2,273.0	119.5	5.0	2,392.5	60.9	1,534.8	3,927.3
	otober)	2,246.2	116.5	4.9	2,362.7	60.1	1,569.7	3,932.4
	lovember	2,240.0	125.8	5.3	2,365.8	60.0	1,575.4	3,941.2
	ecember)	2,268.2	136.8	5.7	2,405.1	60.9	1,542.2	3,947.2
	lanuary	2,220.8	144.6	6.1	2,365.5	59.8	1,587.5	3,953.0
	ebruary	2,242.7	162.1	6.7	2,404.8	60.7	1,554.4	3,959.2
	larch	2,270.7	151.9	6.3	2,422.6	61.1	1,542.6	3,965.2
	pril	2,240.7	145.0	6.1	2,385.6	60.1	1,585.6	3,971.2
M	lay	2,243.5	148.9	6.2	2,392.4	60.2	1,580.7	3,973.2

<sup>(</sup>a) The number of unemployed in each group as a percentage of the total labour force in the same group. (b) The labour force in each group as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 years and over in the same group.

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS, SYDNEY STATISTICAL DIVISION

			Unem	nployed		l labour orce	Not in	Civilian populat-
M	lonth	Employed (1000)	Number ('000)	Unemploy- ment rate (a) (per cent)	Number ('000)	Particip- ation rate (b) (per cent)	labour force ('000)	ion aged 15 years and over (†000)
				MALES	;	·		
978:	May	856.2	44.9	5.0	901.0	78.3	249.6	1,150.7
979:	•	871.5	46.1	5.0	917.6	78.1	257.9	1,175.5
980:	May	892.4	43.4	4.6	935.9	78.9	249.8	1,185.6
981 -	April	908.8	33.8	3.6	942.7	78.3	260.6	1,203.2
	May	903.3	36.2	3.9	939.6	77.9	266.3	1,205.9
	-					•		
	February	910.9	52.5 50.7	5.4 5.3	963.4 961.5	78.6 78.3	262 <b>.</b> 1	1,225.4 1,227.3
	March April	910.8 900.7	46.8	4.9	947.5	78•3 77•1	265.8 281.6	1,227.3
	May	903.1	52 <b>.</b> 6	5.5	955.7	77 <b>.</b> 7	274.0	1,229.7
				MARRIED FE				
070	14	710.7	17.0	5.3	336.2	44.8	414.9	751.1
978: 979:	•	318.3 321.8	17.9 13.3	4.0	335.1	42.8	447.7	782.8
980:	•	333.6	13.4	3.9	347.0	45.5	415.1	762.1
	•							
981:	April	321.4	15.6	4.6 4.6	337 <b>.</b> 0 333 <b>.</b> 3	43.8 42.9	431.8 444.0	768 <b>.</b> 8 777 <b>.</b> 3
	May	317.8	15.4	4.0				
982:	February	317.1	16.5	4.9	333.6	43.4	434.3	767.9
	March	332.1	18.1	5.2	350.4	45.4	421.8	772.1
	April	320.3	17.7	5.2	338.0 341.2	43.8 44.2	433.6 431.0	771 <b>.</b> 5 772 <b>.</b> 2
	May	325.4	15.9	4.6		77.2	45110	77242
				ALL FEM/		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
978:	•	520.1	39.0	7.0	559.1	45.7	665.2	1,224.3
979:		521.9	34.0	6.1	555.9	44.5	692 <b>.</b> 3	1,248.2
980:	May	555.3	32.9	5.6	588.2	46.7	672.0	1,260.3
981:	April	556.9	36.0	6.1	592.9	46.5	682.6	1,275.5
	May	545.8	32.5	5.6	578.3	45.2	699.7	1,278.0
982:	February	562.5	38.7	6.4	601.2	46.4	694.4	1,295.6
	March	570.1	42.9	7.0	613.0	47.3	684.3	1,297.3
	April	555.5	40.8	6.8	596.4	45.9	702.5	1,298.9
	May	561.3	36.9	6.2	598.2	46.0	701.5	1,299.7
				PERSO	NS			
978:	May	1,376.3	83.9	5.7	1,460.2	61.5	914.8	2,375.0
1979:	•	1,393.4	80.0	5.4	1,473.5	60.8	950.2	2,423.7
1980:	-	1,447.8	76.3	5.0	1,524.1	62.3	921.8	2,445.9
1981 -	April	1,465.7	69.9	4.6	1,535.6	62.0	943.1	2,478.7
	May	1,449.1	68.7	4.5	1,517.9	61.1	966.0	2,483.9
1000	•		91.2	5.8	1,564.5	62.1	956.4	2,521.0
1982:	February	1,473.3	91•2 93•6	5 <b>.</b> 9	1,574.5	62.4	950.0	2,524.6
	March April	1,480.9 1,456.3	87 <b>.</b> 6	5.7	1,543.9	61.1	984.2	2,528.1
	May	1,464.4	89.5	5.8	1,553.9	61.4	975.5	2,529.5

For footnotes, see page 2.

TABLE 3. CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER, CLASSIFIED BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS, N.S.W. : AREAS OUTSIDE SYDNEY STATISTICAL DIVISION

			Unem	nployed		l labour orce	Not in	Civilian populat-
	Mon†h	Employed ('000)	, , anemotor		Number (1000)	Partic!p- ation rate (b) (per cent)	labour force (1000)	ion aged 15 years and over ('000)
				MALES	6			
1978:	May	490.8	27.1	5.2	517.9	77.3	152.0	669.9
1979:	May	493.9	31.8	6.1	525.8	76.9	157.8	683.5
1980:	May	518.7	29.9	5.4	548.6	78.7	148.9	697.4
1981	April	520.6	26.0	4.8	546.6	77.0	163.3	709.9
.,,,,	May	525.6	23.4	4.3	549.0	77.2	162.5	711.5
	•							
1982:	February	527.8	36 <b>.</b> 2	6.4	564 <b>.</b> 0	77 <b>.</b> 8	161.4	725.4
	March	533.6 528.4	28.6 32.6	5.1 5.8	562 <b>.</b> 2 560 <b>.</b> 9	77 <b>.</b> 4 77 <b>.</b> 0	164.6 167.1	726 <b>.</b> 7 728 <b>.</b> 1
	April May	528•4 527•7	32.6 31.8	5.7	559 <b>.</b> 6	77.0 76.8	168.6	728 <b>.</b> 2
		72161	J., 0			70.0		720.2
				MARRIED FE	MALES			
1978:	•	150.1	10.9	6.8	161.0	37.0	273.5	434.5
1979:	•	143.5	10.0	6.5	153.5	34.5	291.6	445.1
1980:	May	155.2	10.3	6.2	165.5	36.7	285.2	450.8
1981:	April	159.0	10.0	5.9	169.0	36.7	292.1	461.1
	May	164.1	11.6	6.6	175.7	37.9	288.3	464.1
1982:	February	155.6	10.1	6.1	165.6	35.7	298.3	464.0
	March	164.6	9.2	5.3	173.8	37.4	290.8	464.7
	April	164.8	7.2	4.2	172.0	37.0	293.0	465.0
	May	160.5	10.6	6.2	171.0	36.5	297.5	468.6
				ALL FEMA	LES			
1978:	May	225.0	26.2	10.4	251.2	38.1	408.4	659.6
1979:	•	213.7	28.2	11.7	241.9	35.9	431.0	672.9
980:		243.2	28.9	10.6	272.2	39.5	416.1	688.3
981 -	April	247.0	24.2	8.9	271.2	38.8	428.0	699.3
701.	May	254.5	23.9	8.6	271.2	39 <b>.</b> 7	422.4	700.7
	•							
982:	February	241.6	34.7	12.6	276.2	38.8	436.5	712.8
	March	256.2 256.0	29.7	10.4	285.9	40.0	428.0	713.9
	April May	256.0 251.4	24.8 27.6	8.8 9.9	280.8	39 <b>.</b> 3	434.3 436.6	715.1
		271.4	27.0	9.9	279.0	39.0	436.6	715.5
				PERSON	S			
978:	•	715.8	53.3	6.9	769.1	57.9	560.3	1,329.5
979:		707.6	60.0	7.8	767.6	56.6	588.8	1,356.4
980:	мау	761.9	58.8	7.2	820.7	59.2	565.0	1,385.7
981:	April	767.6	50.3	6.1	817.8	58.0	591.3	1,409.1
	May	780.1	47.3	5.7	827.4	58.6	584.8	1,412.2
982:	February	769.4	70.9	8.4	840.3	58.4	597.9	1,438.2
	March	789.8	58.3	6.9	848.1	58.9	592.6	1,440.7
	April	784.4	57.4	6.8	841.7	58.3	601.4	1,443.1
	May	779.1	59.4	7.1	838.5	58.1	605.2	1,443.7

For footnotes, see page 2.

TABLE 4. EMPLOYED PERSONS (a) CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRY, N.S.W. ('000)

		Agri-								
		culture			Whole-	Trans-			O41-	
		and	Manu-	Con-	sale	port	Finance,	Community	Other	
Mor	ith	services	factur-	struct-	and	and por r		services	indust-	Total
		to	ing	ion	retail	storage	etc.	(b)	ries (a)	
		agri-			trade	stor age			(c)	
		culture								
					M/	ALES				
1978:	May	74.6	338.3	136.8	254.2	97.5	101.3	116.3	227.8	1,347.
1979:	May	83.9	347.9	135.5	244.1	101.7	102.4	114.6	235.4	1,365.
1980:	May	91.8	352.0	147.2	263.4	108.5	106.7	115.9	225.6	1,411.
1981:	Feb.	86.5	358.3	(e)143.4	250.4	113.0	110.2	126.4	(e)234.5	1,422.
	May	87.0	368.2	147.2	252.3	106.8	112.4	123.9	231.2	1,429.
	Aug.	79.5	357.2	147.2	264.4	105.5	118.3	125.5	229.7	1,427.
	Nov.	78.8	353.0	149.5	264.2	105.7	112.7	122.4	232.0	1,418.
1982:	Feb.	78.7	350.1	152.6	260.8	112.1	123.6	118.1	242.6	1,438.
	May	82.3	351.4	147.3	255.6	109.2	116.6	112.6	255.8	1,430.
, ,					FEN	MALES				-
1978:	May	18.1	121.8	11.1	184.9	18.9	91.5	173.0	125.9	745.
1979:	•	18.4	121.1	10.3	186.5	21.1	86.9	181.0	110.3	735.
1980:	•	23.4	117.1	14.5	202.3	18.5	97.5	203.3	121.9	798.
1981:	Feb.	31.1	110.8	(e)14.7	188.1	20.1	99.7	203.8	(e)124.4	792.
	May	30.8	118.2	16.3	194.2	22.2	94.5	197.3	126.8	800.
	Aug.	28.2	112.2	14.1	196.9	21.4	95.7	203.5	125.7	797.
	Nov.	25.1	121.1	15.3	206.8	19.7	99.5	210.9	123.2	821.
982:	Feb.	26.5	119.3	13.7	191.6	21.5	105.5	202.7	123.4	804.
	May	28.7	120.9	13.9	191.3	22.4	105.3	204.0	126.2	812.
					PEF	RSONS				
978:	Mari	02.7	460.2	147.0	439.1	116.4	192.8	289.4	353.7	2,092.
1979:	•	92.7 102.2	460.2 469.0	147 <b>.</b> 9 145 <b>.</b> 8	430.6	122.8	189.3	295.6	345.7	2,101.
1980:	-	115.3	469.0	161.7	465.7	126.9	204.2	319.2	347.6	2,209.
1981:	Feb.	117.6	469.1	(e)158.1	438.5	133.1	209.8	330.3	(e)358.9	2,215.
	May	117.8	486.4	163.5	446.5	129.0	206.8	321.2	358.0	2,229.
	Aug.	107.8	469.4	161.3	461.3	126.9	214.1	328.9	355.4	2,225.
	Nov.	103.9	474.2	164.8	471.0	125.4	212.1	333.3	355.2	2,240.
1982 •	Feb.	105.2	469.3	166.3	452.4	133.6	229.1	320.8	366.0	2,242.

<sup>(</sup>a) Aged 15 years and over. (b) Includes Education, Health Services, Law and Order, and Religious and Social Welfare Services. (c) Comprises Forestry, Fishing and Hunting, Mining, Electricity, Gas and Water, Communication, Public Administration and Defence, and Recreation, Personal, and Other Services. (d) From September 1979, classification is according to the 1978 Edition of ASIC (see paragraph 7 of Explanatory Notes). (e) Figures from February 1981 are not comparable with those shown for previous periods due to a review of public sector activities which resulted in changes to the ASIC classification of some employees from Construction to Other Industries.

TABLE 5. EMPLOYED PERSONS (a) CLASSIFIED BY AGE GROUP, N.S.W. ('000)

		<del>-</del>		<del> </del>	<del></del>					
M				<u> </u>	Age grou	ıp (years)				Total
Mor	1111	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	10141
					M	1ALES				
1978:	Мау	109.0	160.6	357.8	279.2	255.9	101.7	59.2	23.5	1,347.
1979:	May	116.5	169.5	365.7	289.0	247.3	100.4	52.5	24.4	1,365.
1980:	May	126.8	180.8	367.4	296.7	254.4	107.8	54.0	23.2	1,411.
1981:	Apr.	130.8	181.8	373.9	308.3	250.2	106.4	51.8	26.1	1,429.
	May	133.8	183.0	373.1	311.5	247.7	106.1	51.5	22.3	1,429.
1002.	- Fah	105.4	100 5	771 0	710 E	247.7	100 1			
1902:	Feb. Mar.	125.4 126.8	189 <b>.</b> 5 185 <b>.</b> 1	371 <b>.</b> 9 373 <b>.</b> 3	319.5 321.4	247.3 251.5	109 <b>.</b> 1 108 <b>.</b> 9	53.1 55.9	22.7	1,438.
	Apr.	125.1	183.6	373.5	321.3	248.2	105.8	50 <b>.</b> 9	21.6 21.5	1,444.4 1,429.
	May	123.3	184.0	374.6	320.4	249.5	108.0	50.5	20.5	1,430.9
					MARRIE	D FEMALES			<u> </u>	
1978:	May	5.1	53.4	. 136.8	134.8	100.6	27.2	7.7	*	468.3
1979:	•	*	52.3	142.7	139.2	93.3	22.5	9.3	*	465.3
1980:	•	*	51.9	145.8	148.3	96.7	28.3	10.6	*	488.8
1981 -	Apr.	*	44.4	144.2	149.2	97.6	28.9		*	
1701.	May	*	46.8	144.2	148.0	99.0	29.3	9 <b>.</b> 0 8 <b>.</b> 7	*	480.5 481.9
1982:	Feb.	*	46.9	135.2	146.8	100.2	25.2	9.4	5.4	472.6
	Mar.	*	51.1	146.9	150.6	103.5	27.4	9.0	5.4	496.9
	Apr. May	*	50.0 49.0	144 <b>.</b> 9 145 <b>.</b> 5	149.8 149.7	98.5 98.7	27•1 27•8	7 <b>.</b> 9 8 <b>.</b> 2	* 4.9	485.1 485.8
-						FEMALES				400.0
	<u> </u>				ALL I	FEMALES		···	<del></del>	<del></del>
978:		100.2	121.5	178.3	157.6	127.5	38.5	14.2	7.3	745.1
979:		94.4	127.1	187.7	158.5	114.9	33.5	15.3	*	735.6
980:	мау	100.1	135.3	201.5	175.3	121.5	40.6	16.6	7.8	798.6
981:	Apr.	104.1	137.6	200.3	176.9	121.3	42.0	13.9	7.9	803.9
	May	106.9	134.4	199.4	173.2	124.4	41.6	13.9	6.4	800.3
982:	Dec.	102.3	138.7	192.9	179.2	127.5	38.2	15.9	9.3	804.0
	Mar.	98.6	142.2	205.8	182.6	130.1	40.7	16.3	9.9	826.2
	Apr.	96.5	143.2	203.9	181.2	126.6	39.2	13.9	7.1	811.5
	Мау	94.1	142.2	206.1	181.6	126.6	40.4	13.0	8.5	812.7
		<b></b>			PER	RSONS				
978:		209.2	282.1	536.1	436.8	383.4	140.3	73.5	30.7	2,092.1
979:		210.9	296.6	553.4	447.5	362.2	133.9	67.8	28.7	2,101.0
980:	May	226.8	316.1	568.9	472.0	375.9	148.4	70.6	31.0	2,209.7
981:	Apr.	234.9	319.4	574.2	485.2	371.5	148.3	65.8	34.0	2,233.3
	May	240.7	317.4	572.5	484.8	372.1	147.7	65.4	28.7	2,229.2
982:	Feb-	227.7	328.2	564.8	498.8	374.9				
	Mar.	225.5	327.3	579.1	504.0	374.9 381.6	147.3 149.6	69.1	32 <b>.</b> 1	2,242.7
					204.0	701.0	1770U	72.1	31.4	2,270.7
	Apr.	221.6	326.7	577.5	502.4	374.8	145.0	64.1	28.5	2,240.7

<sup>(</sup>a) Aged 15 years and over.

TABLE 6. EMPLOYED PERSONS (a) CLASSIFIED BY OCCUPATION, N.S.W. ('000)

Month		Profess- ional, technical, etc.	ional, executive, Sal		Farmers, fishermen, timber- getters, miners, etc.	Transport and commun- ication	Tradesmen, product- ion - process workers, labour- ers, n.e.c.	Service, sport, and recrea- tion	Total
					MALES				
978:	May	155.4	225.8	90.8	113.9	99.3	582.7	79.1	1,347.0
979:	May	163.8	239.9	99.0	118.4	96.2	560.8	87.2	1,365.4
980:	May	168.3	238.2	94.3	124.8	106.0	602.1	77.3	1,411.1
981:	Feb.	170.2	233.9	86.9	126.8	107.7	619.8	77.3	1,422.6
	May	169.4	238.9	90.2	123.0	102.2	629.9	75.5	1,429.0
	Aug.	189.9	236.2	90.7	113.2	101.6	618.2	77.3	1,427.2
	Nov.	180.4	238.1	89.1	112.4	99.0	623.2	76.1	1,418.3
982:	Feb.	182.0	243.4	88.3	117.2	108.1	627.4	72.3	1,438.7
	May	182.0	243.8	90.5	123.6	107.4	606.3	77.2	1,430.9
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			FEMALES		·		
978:	May	114.5	286.6	104.1	17.4	14.5	84.5	123.6	745.1
979:	•	126.3	266.3	104.5	18.3	19.1	81.2	119.9	735.6
980:	•	137.1	302.6	110.7	22.3	17.3	82.3	126.3	798.6
981:	Feb•	133.8	306.9	101.4	27.7	15.2	82.9	125.0	792.9
	May	130.3	316.0	102.9	30.2	18.1	88.8	114.0	800.3
	Aug.	138.3	312.3	103.0	27.2	18.5	83.4	115.1	797.8
	Nov.	139.1	320.8	113.4	24.1	17.8	86.9	119.6	821.6
982:	Feb.	135.4	321.8	98.3	24.2	19.2	81.3	123.9	804.0
	May	144.0	308.7	107.4	26.3	19.1	83.9	123.2	812.7
					PERSONS				
1978:	Mav	269.9	512.3	194.9	131.3	113.8	667.2	202.7	2,092.1
1979:		290.1	506.2	203.4	136.6	115.3	642.1	207.1	2,101.0
980:		305.4	540.8	205.0	147.1	123.4	684.4	203.6	2,209.7
981:	Feb.	304.0	540.8	188.3	154.5	122.9	702.7	202.3	2,215.5
	May	299.7	554.9	193.0	153.2	120.3	718.7	189.4	2,229.2
	Aug.	328.2	548.5	193.7	140.5	120.2	701.6	192.4	2,225.1
	Nov.	319.5	559.0	202.5	136.5	116.7	710.1	195.7	2,240.0
1982:	Feb.	317.4	565.2	186.6	141.4	127.3	708.7	196.2	2,242.7
	May	326.0	552.5	197.9	149.9	126.6	690.3	200.3	2,243.5

<sup>(</sup>a) Aged 15 years and over.

TABLE 7. EMPLOYED PERSONS (a) CLASSIFIED BY MAJOR AND MINOR OCCUPATION GROUPS, N.S.W., MAY 1982 (1000)

Occupation group	Males	Females	Persons
Professional, technical, and related workers -	182.0	144.0	326.1
Architects, engineers and surveyors, professional (b)	29.8	*	30.0
Chemists, physicists, geologists, and other physical			
scientists	4.5	*	5.0
Biologists, veterinarians, agronomists, and related			
scientists	*	*	4.6
Medical practitioners and dentists	10.9	*	12.3
Nurses, including probationers or trainees	5.3	43.7	49.0
Professional medical workers n.e.c.	5.1	6.9	12.0
Teachers	28.5	52.2	80.7
Clergy and related members of religious orders	*	*	*
Law professionals	7.9	*	8.3
Artists, entertainers, writers, and related			
workers	13.0	9.5	22.4
Draftsmen and technicians, n.e.c. (b)	31.3	10.3	41.6
Other professional, technical, and related workers	38.7	17.8	56.5
Administrative, executive, and managerial workers - Administrative and executive officials,	131.6	19.9	151.5
government, n.e.c.	5.7	*	5.9
Employers, workers on own account, directors,			
managers, n.e.c.	125.9	19.6	145.6
Clerical workers -	112.2	288.9	401.0
Book-keepers and cashiers	11.5	45.3	56.8
Stenographers and typists	*	79.9	80.9
Other clerical workers	99.7	163.6	263.3
Sales workers -	90.5	107.4	197.9
Insurance, real estate salesmen, auctioneers,			
and valuers	14.5	*	15.8
Commercial travellers and manufacturers agents	22.0	*	24.8
Proprietors and shopkeepers, workers on own account, n.e.c., retail and wholesale trade; salesmen, shop			
assistants, and related workers	54.0	103.2	157.2
Farmers, fishermen, timber-getters, etc	107.7	26.3	134.0
Farmers and farm managers	49.9	18.3	68.1
Farm workers including farm foremen	50.7	7.8	58.5
Wool classers	*	*	>0∙> *
Hunters and trappers	*	*	*
Fishermen and related workers	*	*	*
Timber-getters and other forestry workers	5.5	*	5.5
Miners, quarrymen, and related workers -	15.9	*	15.9
Miners, mineral prospectors, and quarrymen	14.3	*	. 14.3
Well drillers, oil, water, and related workers	*	*	. 14.J
Mineral treaters	. <b>*</b>	* .	*

For footnotes, see page 10.

TABLE 7. EMPLOYED PERSONS (a) CLASSIFIED BY MAJOR AND MINOR OCCUPATION GROUPS, N.S.W., MAY 1982 (continued)

(1000)

Occupation group	Males	Females	Persons
Transport and communication	107.4	19.1	126.6
Deck and engineer officers, ship, not services	*	*	*
Deck and engine room hands, ship and boatmen,			
not services	*	*	×
Aircraft pilots, navigators and flight engineers,			
not services	*	. *	*
Drivers and firemen, rail transport	5.2	*	5.2
Drivers, road transport	71.9	*	75.8
Guards and conductors, railway	*	*	*
Inspectors, supervisors, traffic controllers, and			
despatchers, transport	12.4	*	13.0
Telephone, telegraph, and related telecommunication	•		
operators	*	10.8	13.4
Postmasters, postmen, and messengers	7.5	*	11.3
Workers in transport and communication, n.e.c.	*	*	*
radesmen, production-process workers, and			
Labourers, n.e.c	606.3	83.9	690.3
Spinners, weavers, knitters, dyers, and related workers	*	*	5.1
Tailors, cutters, furriers, and related workers	6.4	19.9	26.3
Leather cutters, lasters, sewers (except gloves and			
garments), and related workers	*	*	*
Furnacemen, rollers, drawers, moulders, and related			
metal making and treating workers	6.4	*	6.6
Precision instrument makers, watchmakers, jewellers,	-		
and related workers	8.5	*	9.8
Machine toolmakers, metal machinists, mechanics,			
plumbers, and related metal workers	163.8	5.3	169.2
Electricians and related electrical and electronic			
workers	67.4	<b>.</b> *	68.0
Metal workers, metal and electrical production-process			
	20.8	8.8	29.6
workers, n.e.c.			
Carpenters, woodworking machinists, cabinetmakers, and related workers	42.5	*	43.7
Painters and decorators	18.4	*	18.9
Bricklayers, plasterers, and construction workers, n.e.c.	53.1	*	53.1
Compositors, printing machinists, engravers, book-			
binders, and related workers	9.7	*	13.6
Potters, kilnmen, glass and clay formers, and			
related workers	*	*	*
Millers, bakers, butchers, brewers, and related food			
and drink workers	30.5	6.9	37.5
Chemical, sugar, and paper production-process workers	8.1	*	10.0
Tobacco preparers and tobacco product makers	*	* -	*
Paper products, rubber, plastic, and production-			
process workers, n.e.c.	13.8	10.7	24.5
Packers, wrappers, labellers	*	13.9	18.1
Stationary engine, excavating, and lifting equipment			
operators	33.4	*	33.6
Storemen and freight handlers	46.1	*	48.9
	65.0	*	66.8
Labourers, n.e.c. Apprentices, factory workers, foremen, machinists,			
(so described), n.e.c.	(c)	(c)	(c)

# TABLE 7. EMPLOYED PERSONS (a) CLASSIFIED BY MAJOR AND MINOR OCCUPATION GROUPS, N.S.W., MAY 1982 (continued)

(1000)

·			
Occupation group	Males	Females	Persons
Service, sport, and recreation workers -	77.2	123.2	200.3
		,	
Fire brigade, police, and other protective service workers	20.2	*	21.6
Housekeepers, cooks, maids, and related workers	15.3	48.9	64.2
Waiters, bartenders	8.6	17.6	26.2
Caretakers, cleaners : buildings	14.6	25.8	40.4
Barbers, hairdressers, and beauticians	*	10.7	13.5
Launderers, dry cleaners, and pressers	*	4.8	6.7
Athletes, sportsmen, and related workers	*	*	*
Photographers and camera operators	*	*	*
Undertakers and crematorium	*	*	*
Service, sport, recreation workers, n.e.c.	8.2	12.7	20.9
Total	1.430.9	812.7	2,243.5

<sup>(</sup>a) Aged 15 years and over. (b) In the 1971 and 1976 Censuses the minor occupation group 'architects, engineers and surveyors, professional' was limited solely to persons holding a university degree. Other persons describing themselves in professional terms but not holding a degree were classified to minor group 'Draftsmen and technicians, n.e.c.'. Information to enable this distinction to be made in the labour force survey is not available. (c) Apprentices are coded to the trade in which they are apprenticed. Other employees in these categories are allocated to minor groups in the major group 'Tradesmen, production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c.' according to industry.

TABLE 8. EMPLOYED PERSONS (a) CLASSIFIED BY FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME STATUS, N.S.W. ('000)

W4h	Full-time				Part-time		Total employed			
Month	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
1978: May	1,287.7	502.7	1,790.4	68.1	236.7	304.8	1,355.8	739.4	2,095.2	
1979: May	1,277.0	509.0	1,786.0	69.9	236.2	306.1	1,347.0	745.1	2,092.1	
1980: May	1,291.0	492.8	1,783.7	74.5	242.8	317.3	1,365.4	735.6	2,101.0	
1981: Apr.	1,351.8	532.4	1,884.2	77.6	271.5	349.1	1,429.4	803.9	2,233.3	
May	1,347.1	532.1	1,879.3	81.8	268.1	349.9	1,429.0	800.3	2,229.2	
1982: Feb.	1,372.0	545.0	1,917.1	66.6	259.0	325.7	1,438.7	804.0	2,242.7	
Mar.	1,371.5	547.1	1,918.6	73.0	279.1	352.1	1,444.4	826.2	2,270.7	
Apr.	1,349.6	539.6	1,889.2	79.5	271.9	351.4	1,429.1	811.5	2,240.7	
May	1,357.7	550.9	1,908.6	73.1	261.8	335.0	1,430.9	812.7	2,243.5	

<sup>(</sup>a) Aged 15 years and over.

TABLE 9. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS (a) CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRY(b) OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB, N.S.W. ('000)

Category	February 1981	May 1981	August 1981	November 1981	February 1982	May 1982
Had worked for two weeks or more in a						
full-time job in the last two						
years	75.6	64.5	70.4	73.3	94.6	95.5
Industry division -						
Agriculture and services to						
agriculture	*	*	*	*	*	*
Manufacturing	21.9	18.4	21.2	21.2	25.0	24.4
Construction	7.9	7.9	6.2	6.1	11.4	13.4
Wholesale and retail trade	20.2	15.0	17.8	18.1	21.8	19.7
Transport and storage	*	*	*	*	*	*
Finance, property, and						
business services	*	*	*	*	7.5	6.4
Community services (c)	6.5	*	5.9	7.3	8.6	10.3
Other industries (d)	9.2	10.5	12.4	10.2	12.8	13.6
Other -						
Looking for first job (e)	29.1	17.1	14.2	20.7	30.4	23.0
Other (f)	33.4	30.3	24.8	28.7	34.0	27.3
Stood down	*	*	*	*	*	*
Total	117.2	136.3	111.8	125.8	162.1	148.9

<sup>(</sup>a) Aged 15 years and over. (b) Classification is according to the 1978 Edition of ASIC (see paragraph 7 of Explanatory Notes). (c) Includes Education, Health Services, Law and Order, and Religious and Social Welfare Services. (d) Comprises Forestry, Fishing and Hunting, Mining, Electricity, Gas and Water, Communication, Public Administration and Defence, and Recreation, Personal, and Other Services. (e) Persons who had never worked for two weeks or more in a full-time job. (f) Persons who had not worked full-time for two weeks or more during the last two years but who had at some time in the past.

				Age group (	years)			
		15	5-19	20	9–24	25-34		
	Month —	Number ('000)	Unemployment rate (b) (per cent)	Number ('000)	Unemployment rate (b) (per cent)	Number ('000)	Unemployment rate (b) (per cent)	
				MALES				
1978:	May	17.9	14.1	13.8	7.9	14.6	3.9	
1979:	May	21.8	15.8	18.6	9.9	16.7	4.4	
1980:	May	19.8	13.5	14.9	7.6	17.9	4.7	
1981:	April	16.6	11.2	14.0	7.2	12.5	3.2	
	May	15.3	10.2	13.7	7.0	13.2	3.4	
1982:	February	26.8	17.6	20.3	9.7	19.1	4.9	
	March	19.4	13.3	21.4	10.4	18.1	4.6	
	April	19.5	13.5	19.2	9.4	18.4	4.7	
	Мау	24.3	16.5	21.3	10.4	18.6	4.7	
				FEMALES				
1978:	May	22.7	18.5	12.8	9.5	16.3	8.4	
1979:	May	26.5	21.9	12.2	8.8	11.4	5.8	
1980:	May	24.0	19.4	13.9	9.3	11.9	5.6	
1981:	April	19.8	16.0	13.3	8.8	12.5	5.9	
	Мау	15.5	12.7	12.3	8.4	14.7	6.9	
1982:	February	26.3	20.4	16.6	10.7	13.7	6.6	
	March	24.0	19.6	15.3	9.7	15.7	7.1	
	April	21.2	18.0	12.1	7.8	15.3	7.0	
	May	22.3	19.2	12.4	8.0	12.7	5.8	
				PERSONS				
1978:	May	40.6	16.2	26.5	8.6	30.9	5.5	
1979:	•	48.3	18.6	30.8	9.4	28.1	4.8	
1980:	May	43.8	16.2	28.8	8.3	29.9	5.0	
1981:	April	36.4	13.4	27.3	7.9	25.0	4.2	
	May	30.8	11.3	26.0	7.6	27.9	4.6	
1982:	February	53.1	18.9	36.9	10.1	32.8	5.5	
	March	43.4	16.1	36.7	10.1	33.8	5.5	
	April	40.7	15.5	31.2	8.7	33.6	5.5	
	May	46.6	17.7	33.7	9.4	31.3	5.1	

<sup>(</sup>a) Aged 15 years and over. (b) The number of unemployed in each group as a percentage of the total labour force in the same group.

		Age gr	oup (years)				T-+-1
35-44		4	5-54	55	and over		Total
Number ('000)	Unemployment rate (b) (per cent)	Number (†000)	Unemployment rate (b) (per cent)	Number ('000)	Unemployment rate (b) (per cent)	Number ('000)	Unemploymen rate (b) (per cent)
			MAL	ES.			
11.1	3.8	8.4	3.2	6.2	3.2	72.0	5.1
8.0	2.7	6.7	2.7	6.1	3.3	77.9	5.4
9.4	3.1	6.6	2.5	4.6	2.4	73.3	4.9
5.8	1.9	6.2	2.4	4.7	2.5	59.8	4.0
7.0	2.2	5.8	2.3	4.6	2.5	59.6	4.0
11.8	3.6	7.0	2.8	*	*	88.7	5.8
10.1	3.1	4.7	1.8	5.6	2.9	79.3	5.2
11.2	3.4	5.3	2.1	5.9	3.2	79.4	5.3
9.8	3.0	5.7	2.2	4.7	2.6	84.4	5.6
			FEMA	ALES			
7.5	4.5	*	*	*	*	65.2	8.0
7.8	4.7	*	*	*	*	62.1	7.8
6.2	3.4	*	*	*	*	61.8	7.2
9.1	4.9	4.5	3.6	*	*	60.3	7.0
9.5	5.2	*	*	*	*	56.4	6.6
9.6	5.1	6.1	4.5	*	*	73.4	8.4
9.6	5.0	7.2	5.2	*	*	72.7	8.1
10.1	5.3	5.7	4.3	*	*	65.6	7.5
10.5	5.5	6.0	4.5	*	*	64.5	7.4
			PER:	SONS			
18.6	4.1	11.9	3.0	8.6	3.4	137.2	6.2
15.8	3.4	10.0	2.7	7.0	2.9	140.1	6.2
15.6	3.2	10.7	2.8	6.4	2.5	135.1	5.8
15.0	3.0	10.7	2.8	5.8	2.3	120.1	. 5.1
16.4	3.3	9.2	2.4	5.8	2.3	116.0	4.9
						160 1	6 7
21.4	4.1	13.1	3.4	4.8	1.9	162.1	6.7
19.7	3.8	11.9	3.0	6.4	2.5	151.9	6.3
21.2	4.1	11.0	2.9	7.2	2.9	145.0 148.9	6.1 6.2
20.3	3.9	11.7	3.0	5.4	2.2	140.9	0.2

TABLE 11. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS (a) CLASSIFIED BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT (b), N.S.W.

	Unemployed persons ('000) classified by duration of unemployment (weeks)							Total unemploy-	Average duration of
Month	Under 2	2 and under 4	4 and under 8	8 and under 13	13 and under 26	26 and under 39	39 and over	men† (†000)	unemploy- ment (weeks)
				M/	ALES				
1978: May	6.2	6.8	7.4	10.1	15.3	7.0	19.2	72.0	30.7
1979: May	5.0	6.3	10.2	10.6	13.6	9.6	22.6	77.9	33.7
1980: May	5.8	7.1	11.7	12.7	13.0	5.5	17.4	73.3	31.7
1981: Apr.	6.4	7.0	9.5	6.6	10.9	5.3	14.1	59.8	33.9
May	6.3	6.5	6.7	7.1	11.2	6.9	15.1	59.6	39.3
1982: Feb.	7.7	11.6	16.0	16.1	11.0	6.0	20.1	88.7	31.9
Mar.	7.5	8.7	12.8	10.9	11.4	8.3	19.6	79.3	33.5
Apr.	6.2	11.8	10.6	8.6	15.2	6.9	20.0	79.4	35.2
May	7.7	8.4	11.8	9.8	20.9	7.2	18.7	84.4	33.4
				FEM	MALES				
1978: May	7.5	8.2	7.1	7.5	15.5	6.2	13.2	65.2	27.2
1979: May	6.0	4.8	9.1	5.1	14.8	6.5	15.9	62.1	32.7
1980: May	5.3	. 8.1	7.4	5.7	15.2	6.0	14.1	61.8	31.0
1981: Apr.	8.0	7.1	8.6	6.6	11.9	5.7	12.3	60.3	25.8
May	5.8	7.1	10.1	7.2	9.9	4.6	11.6	56.4	30.6
1982: Feb.	9.5	8.4	15.2	13.5	7.8	4.9	14.1	73.4	25.5
Mar.	11.0	10.9	11.3	10.2	10.1	5.5	13.6	72.7	28.0
Apr.	5.8	8.7	10.9	7.2	14.3	5.2	13.6	65.6	31.2
May	6.5	7.6	12.4	7.3	12.7	5.8	12.2	64.5	29.0
				PER	SONS				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1978: May	13.7	15.0	14.5	17.6	30.8	13.2	32.3	137.2	29.0
1979: May	11.0	11.0	19.3	15.7	28.5	16.2	38.4	140.1	33.3
1980: May	11.1	15.3	19.1	18.4	28.2	11.5	31.5	135.1	31.4
981: Apr.	14.3	14.1	18.1	13.2	22.8	11.1	26.4	120.1	29.8
May	12.0	13.6	16.8	14.3	21.1	11.5	26.7	116.0	35.1
982: Feb.	17.2	20.1	31.2	29.6	18.8	10.9	34.2	162.1	29.0
Mar.	18.5	19.7	24.1	21.1	21.5	13.8	33.3	151.9	30.8
Apr.	12.0	20.5	21.5	15.8	29.5	12.1	33.5	145.0	35.4
May	14.2	16.0	24.2	17.1	33.6	13.0	30.8	148.9	31.5

<sup>(</sup>a) Aged 15 years and over. (b) Period from the time the person began looking for work, or was laid off, to the end of the survey week. Periods of unemployment are recorded in complete weeks and this results in a slight understatement of duration of unemployment.

TABLE 12. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS (a) CLASSIFIED BY OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB, N.S.W. (1000)

Category	February 1981	May 1981	August 1981	November 1981	February 1982	May 1982
lad worked for two weeks or more in a						
full-time job in the last two						
years	75.6	64.5	70.4	73.3	94.6	95.5
Occupation group -						
Professional, technical, etc.	*	*	*	*	6.5	6.2
Administrative, executive,						
managerial, and clerical	12.4	10.1	8.9	10.0	12.3	14.5
Sales	8.4	*	. 9.1	7.9	12.6	11.0
Farmers, fishermen, timber getters,						
miners, etc.	4.5	*	*	*	4.5	5.4
Transport and communication	4.7	*	*	5.3	*	*
Tradesmen, production-process						
workers, labourers, n.e.c.	34.7	33.1	34.2	33.3	42.8	42.6
Service, sport, and recreation	8.1	5.4	7.8	10.1	11.5	11.6
ther -						
Looking for first job (b)	29.1	17.1	14.2	20.7	30.4	23.0
Other (c)	30.3	31.9	24.8	28.7	34.0	27.3
tood down	*	*	*	*	*	
otal	136.3	116.0	111.8	125.8	162.1	148.9

<sup>(</sup>a) Aged 15 years and over. (b) Persons who had never worked for two weeks or more in a full-time job. (c) Persons who had not worked full-time for two weeks or more during the last two years but who had at some time in the past.

#### TECHNICAL NOTE

#### Estimation Procedure

1. The labour force estimates are derived from the Population Survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure. This procedure ensures that the Survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

#### Reliability of the Estimates

- Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this bulletin are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings, the estimates and the movements derived from them are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the Survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard The standard error can also be expressed as a percentage of the estimate, and this is known as the relative standard error.
- 3. A table of standard errors for general application to estimates derived from the survey, from November 1977, is given below. Details of standard errors for estimates prior to November 1977 are contained in the bulletin <a href="The Labour Force">The Labour Force</a>, Australia, 1978 (6204.0). The figures will not give a precise measure of standard error of a particular estimate since they are averages based on calculations for a limited number of past surveys over a wide range of labour force characteristics.

However, they will provide an indication of the magnitude of the standard error of any estimate shown in this bulletin.

- 4. An example of the use of Columns (2) and (3) of the table is as follows:
  - if the estimate obtained from the sample is 100,000 (see Column (1)) the standard error is 3.9 per cent of the estimate, i.e. 3,900 and there are about two chances in three that the true figure is within the range 96,100 to 103,900 and about nineteen chances in twenty that this figure is between 92,200 and 107,800. As the standard errors in Column (3) show, the smaller the estimate, the higher is the per cent standard error.
- The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling The standard error of the variability. movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than on the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is also given in the Table, Column (4) - where the standard error of the monthly movement is read against the larger of the two estimates appearing in Column (1) from which the movement is derived. estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements), and two other nonconsecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in Column (4) of the Table. An example of the use of Column (4) is as follows:
  - If the estimates for two successive months are 480,000 and 500,000 (i.e. an increase of 20,000), this Column shows that the standard error of the monthly movement will be 5,100 (the figure shown in the Column against 500,000 in Column 1). That is, there are about two chances in three that the monthly movement lies between 14,900 and

25,100 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it lies between 9,800 and 30,200.

For periods from February 1978 a guide to the standard errors of quarterly and annual movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in column (4) and column (2) respectively by 1.4. The standard errors of quarterly movements for periods prior to February 1978 were published in the Technical Note in the November 1977 issue of this bulletin. The standard errors of annual movements prior to February 1978 are contained in the bulletin The Labour Force, Australia, 1978 (6204.0).

- i6. The standard errors of estimates relating to agricultural employment are generally somewhat higher than the standard errors of other estimates of the same magnitude. Estimates for females also tend to have higher standard errors than estimates of equivalent size for males in similar employment categories. The estandard errors for Sydney Statistical Division are approximately the same as for New South Wales as a whole.
- 7. The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate, computed by using

- sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the numerator and the size of the denominator. However, the relative standard error of the estimated percentage or rate will generally be slightly lower than the relative standard error of the estimate of the numerator. The relative standard errors of the numerator can be obtained from Column (3) in the table below.
- The imprecision due to sampling 8. variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding of data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as nonsampling errors - and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or only a sample. Every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers, and efficient operating procedures.
- 9. Estimates below 4,500 have been excluded from this bulletin because they are subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes.

#### APPROXIMATE STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

Size of estimate	Standard monthly	Standard error of monthly movement (a)	
Persons (1)	Persons (2)	Per cent of estimate (3)	Persons (4)
4,500	1,000	22.2	1,000
5,000	1,100	22.0	1,100
6,000	1,200	20.0	1,200
10,000	1,500	15.0	1,400
20,000	2,000	10.0	1,800
50,000	3,000	6.0	2,500
100,000	3,900	3.9	3,200
200,000	5,000	2.5	3,900
300,000	5,800	1.9	4,400
500,000	6,900	1.4	5,100
1,000,000	8,500	0.9	6,100
2,000,000	10,000	0.5	7,200

<sup>(</sup>a) The standard error of the monthly movement is read against the size of the larger of the two estimates - appearing in Column (1) - from which the movement is derived.